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Quantitative Investment Decisions, LLC was founded with one objective in mind – to help investors protect assets in the event of an extended market downturn. While no investment model can predict the unexpected, QID’s strategies help remove emotional and irrational behavior from the investment decision process. By limiting downside risk and participating in the market upside, the intent is to outperform an appropriate benchmark over a market cycle. QID strategies are built using 100% quantitative, proprietary algorithms that identify and react to changing market conditions. Our strategies tend to provide a more asymmetric risk profile with reduced left tail risk, a feature absent from buy and hold portfolios. QID provides investors the diversification that they need with the downside protection that they desire.

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### Alternative Asset Strategy Features

- 100% quantitative process that focuses primarily on downside risk, especially in weak markets
- Under extreme market conditions, the strategy can build and hold substantial cash positions to avoid losses
- Employs NO shorting, leverage, or inverse ETFs
- Agriculture, energy, metals and real estate asset class diversification
- Proprietary weighting system to determine over/ under/ neutral weighting of each sector and asset class
- Multiple ETF sponsors
- \$1,000,000 account minimum

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### Portfolio Expectations

The QID Alternative Asset Strategy is designed to limit losses during extended market downturns. The strategy endeavors to deliver attractive risk-adjusted returns through multiple investment markets. The strategy is diversified and may use a defensive allocation to cash equivalents or U.S. Treasury instruments.

### ETF Universe

The ETF’s used in the Alternative Asset Strategy are chosen based upon a proprietary scoring system. The system considers such factors as tracking error, liquidity and cost efficiency. The strategy may use ETFs from one or multiple sponsors.

### Ron Santangelo, CFA®

Chief Investment Officer  
Portfolio Manager



Since the early 1990’s, Mr. Santangelo has been an industry

leader in the development of advanced quantitative methods and enhanced returns-based style analysis. As the Manager of Managed Products Research, at Merrill Lynch, Mr. Santangelo assisted in the development of the SPDR® sector ETF’s. His focus, throughout his career, has been on controlling downside risk and quantitative investment strategies.

# Alternative Asset Strategy

1Q - 2019

## Investment Process

The QID Alternative Asset Strategy provides exposure to several significant categories of alternative asset classes: agriculture, energy, metals and real estate. The precious metals sector may use a gold and/or silver ETF, and the energy sector may use an oil and/or natural gas ETF.

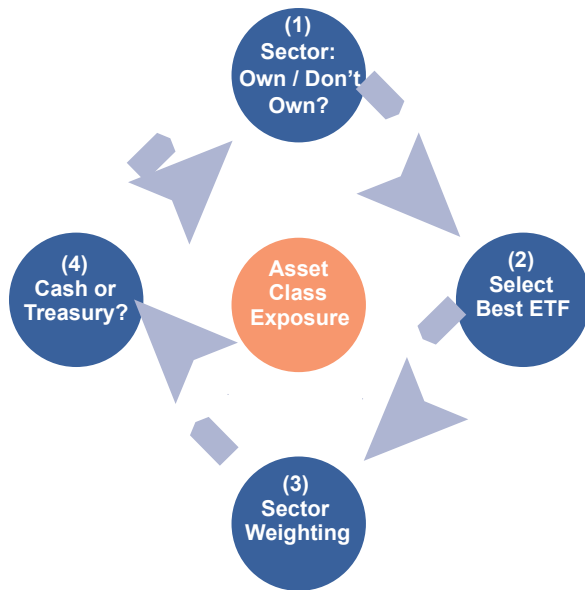
Each QID strategy utilizes built-in downside loss protection. The model will look at each asset class separately to determine the likelihood of significant loss.

The allocations to each alternative sector are interdependent on a number of factors, including what asset classes are signaled “on” and “off”. The status of the signals governing the U.S. Equity Sector Strategy can also impact the alternative asset classes used and their weighting.

Because these alternative investment asset classes are highly volatile, the portfolio can go defensive utilizing either a money market fund or ETFs representing U.S. Treasury instruments. A separate model is used to determine whether the Treasury position will be an intermediate Treasury ETF or a money market fund/ETF.

## Alternative Asset Strategy

### Investment Process



Quantitative Investment Decisions employs a four-step quantitative process in building and managing its tactical strategies:

1. Decide when to own or not own a specific sector, asset class or international market
2. Select the appropriate ETF for each sector or asset class using a proprietary scoring system that considers factors such as tracking error, liquidity and cost efficiency
3. Proprietary weighting system to determine asset class and sector weight
4. When a defensive position is employed, determine which cash or U.S. Treasury instrument is appropriate

### Asset Class Breakdown

Asset Class Breakdown
Alternative Asset Strategy
Agriculture
Oil
Natural Gas
Precious Metals
Industrial Metals
Real Estate
Intermediate Treasury Bonds
Cash Equivalent / Money Market Fund-ETF

Source:

### Performance Returns

Annualized Returns through 3/31/2019	Quantitative Investment Decisions Alternative Asset		Index
	Gross	Net	
3 Months	23.44%	23.44%	15.43%
Year-to-Date	23.44%	23.44%	15.43%
Trailing 1 Year	25.71%	25.71%	1.6%
Trailing 2 Year	13.03%	13.03%	6.1%

### Return/Risk Analysis

06/01/2015 to 3/31/2019	Quantitative Investment Decisions Alternative Asset		Index
	Gross	Net	
Best Month	12.16%	12.16%	9.51%
Worst Month	-5.97%	-5.97%	-10.28%
% of Up Months	54.35%	54.35%	54.35
% of Down Months	45.65%	45.65%	45.65
Maximum Drawdown (%)	-15.51%	-15.51%	-30.93%

### Yearly Returns

	Quantitative Investment Decisions Alternative Asset		
	Gross	Net	Index
2018	-3.33%	-3.33	-13.82%
2017	-1.88%	-2.74%	5.77%
	-	-	

Source: QID  
date: 6/01/2015  
All returns over 1 year are annualized.  
Index: 80% S&P GSCI TR / 20% Wilshire REIT TR; the returns for the index shown include dividend and interest reinvestment.  
Note: Return data shown for 2014 and 2015 is hypothetical and back-tested.  
See disclosure on last page of factsheet.

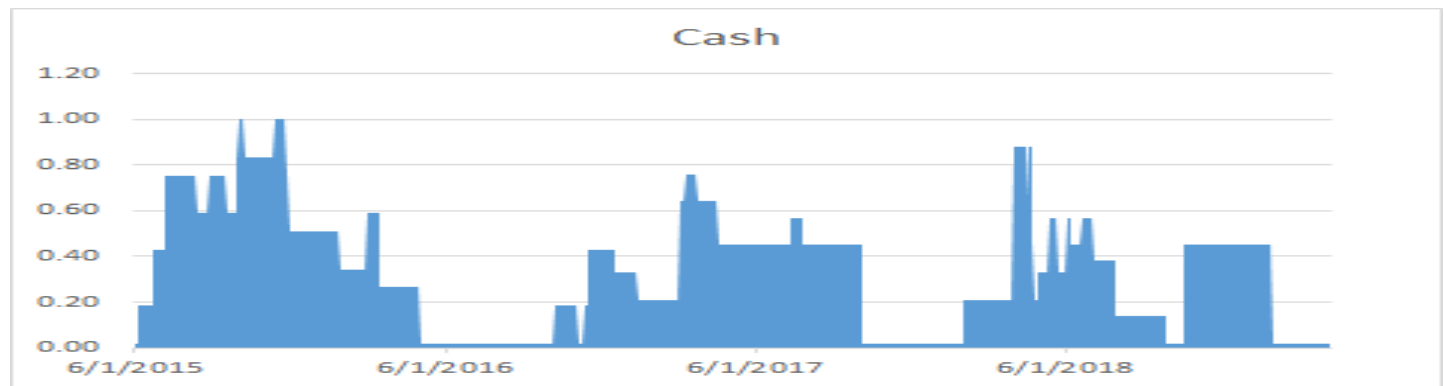
Portfolio inception

### Comparative Return/Risk Analysis

06/01/2015 to 3/31/2019	Quantitative Investment Decisions Alternative Asset Gross
Alpha	0.91
Beta	3.24
Annualized Standard Deviation	11.09%
R-Squared	62.54%
Up Capture Ratio	57.3%
Down Capture Ratio	28.9%

### Historic Cash Allocation

Data through March 31, 2019



Source: QID

### Alternative Asset Allocation as of 3/31/2019

Agriculture/S&P 500	0%
Energy	57%
Cash Equivalent/ Money Market Fund-	4%
Metals	14.0%
REITs	25%
Intermediate Treasury Bonds	0.00%
	0.0%
	0.0%

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DISCLOSURES

Compliance Statement

Quantitative Investment Decisions (“QID” or the “Advisor”) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®).

QID has been independently verified by ACA Compliance Group. From June 1, 2015, through December 31, 2016, the performance results shown in this fact sheet is that of a composite of client accounts according to the dictates of the Program.

A compliant presentation, including the performance data for the composite, may be obtained by contacting QID at 239.631.8912 or by emailing [info@qidllc.com](mailto:info@qidllc.com).

Firm Definition

Quantitative Investment Decisions is registered in the state of Florida as a registered investment advisor organized as a Limited Liability Company (“LLC”) under the laws of the State of Delaware, whose principal place of business is in Naples, FL. The quantitative model was developed by QID’s founder, Ron Santangelo, in 2009. The model was previously distributed by third parties.

On a quarterly basis, QID reviews a list of all accounts, under discretionary management by the firm, to ensure that only actual assets managed or sub-advised by QID are included in QID’s composite results. Accounts deemed to be non-discretionary, advisory only, hypothetical, or model in nature are excluded from the composite. Total firm assets comprise all discretionary accounts (whether fee-paying or not) for which QID has investment management responsibility, including assets managed by sub-advisors that QID has authority to select.

Composite Description and Benchmark

The Alternative Asset strategy is a long-term growth portfolio that invests in Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) using a proprietary trading algorithm. The objective of the strategy is capital preservation, resulting in long-term appreciation over a market cycle. The Alternative Asset Strategy consists of ETFs representing major alternative investment asset classes. Charts included in this fact sheet show the total return of the composite, including reinvestment of all dividends and interest. Returns are shown separately as gross (GR) and net (NR). Gross performance has been reduced by transaction costs. Net performance has been reduced by transaction and management fee. QID claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®).

A custom benchmark is used for comparison purposes to correlate to the portfolio of the Alternative Asset Strategy. This benchmark is 80% S&P GSCI TR index and 20% Wilshire REIT TR index. The returns for the index shown include dividend and interest reinvestment.

The strategy is constructed with widely available ETFs representing the various sectors, asset classes, and or international regions contained in the portfolio. There is no guarantee that the price and yield performance of the index can be fully matched.

Risks

No investment strategy or risk management technique can guarantee returns or eliminate risk in any given market environment. Neither asset allocation or diversification can guarantee a profit or protect against loss. Investment returns may fluctuate and are subject to market volatility, so that an investor’s shares, when redeemed or sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. QID’s actively managed strategy may underperform their benchmark. The investment strategy presented is not appropriate for every investor and individual clients should review the terms, conditions, and risk involved with specific products or services. Individual client accounts may have experienced investment results during the corresponding time periods that were materially different from those of the composite returns. The U.S. Dollar is the currency used to express performance.

Performance data shown is past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Potential investors should consult with their financial advisor before investing in any investment product. Investment in equity strategies involves substantial risk and has the potential for partial or complete loss of funds invested.

Hypothetical Back-Tested Performance and Analytics

Backtested performance is NOT an indicator of future actual results. There are limitations inherent in hypothetical results particularly that the performance results do not represent the results of actual trading using client assets, but were achieved by means of retroactive application of a backtested model that was designed with the benefit of hindsight. The results reflect the performance of a strategy not historically offered to investors and do NOT represent

returns that any investor actually attained. Backtested results are calculated by the retroactive application of a model constructed on the basis of historical data and based on assumptions integral to the model which may or may not be testable and are subject to losses. Backtested performance is developed with the benefit of hindsight and has inherent limitations.

Specifically, backtested results do not reflect actual trading, or the effect of material economic and market factors on the decision making process, or the skill of the adviser. Since trades have not actually been executed, results may have under-or-over-compensated for the impact, if any, of certain market factors, such as lack of liquidity, and may not reflect the impact that certain economic or market factors may have had on the decision-making process. Further, back-testing allows the security selection methodology to be adjusted until past returns are maximized.

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